

CHAPTER 5: UNIT CIRCLE

No calculator!

NAME:

27-50
Show all steps!!

1) The value of $\sin \frac{4\pi}{3}$ is

2) Find the exact value of $\sin \frac{13\pi}{6}$.

3) Find the exact value of $\cos(-\frac{\pi}{4})$.

4) Find the exact value of $\sin(-\frac{2\pi}{3})$.

5) Find the exact value of $\tan(-\frac{5\pi}{4})$.

*6) The value of $\sin \frac{3\pi}{2} + \cos \frac{2\pi}{3}$ is

*7) The numerical value of $\sin \frac{3\pi}{2} + \cos \frac{\pi}{4}$ is

*8) The value of $\sin \frac{\pi}{6} + \tan \frac{\pi}{4}$ is

*9) What is the value of $\tan \frac{\pi}{3} + \cos \pi$?

*10) The value of $\cos \frac{\pi}{3} - \sin \frac{3\pi}{2}$ is

11) For which value of θ is the expression $\frac{2}{\tan \theta - 1}$ undefined?

12) For which value of θ is the fraction $\frac{1}{\cos \theta}$ undefined?

13) Evaluate: $(2 \operatorname{Arc tan} 1)$

14) The value of $\operatorname{Arc sin} (-1)$ is

15) The value of $2(\operatorname{Arc sin} 1)$ is

use principal values
11-26

16) If $\theta = \operatorname{Arc cos} (\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2})$, what is the value of $\tan \theta$?

17) The value of $\cos(\operatorname{Arc tan} \sqrt{3})$ is

18) The value of $\sin(\operatorname{Arc cos} 1)$ is

19) What is the value of $\sin(\operatorname{Arc cos} \frac{1}{2})$?

20) The value of $\tan(\operatorname{Arc sin} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})$ is

21) Evaluate: $\cos(\operatorname{Arc sin} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})$

22) Evaluate: $\cos(\operatorname{Arc sin} (-1))$

23) Evaluate: $\cos(\operatorname{Arc tan} [-1])$

24) Find the value of the expression, $\operatorname{Arc sin}(\tan[-\frac{\pi}{4}])$, in radians.

25) Find the value of the expression, $\operatorname{Arc cos}(\sin[-\frac{\pi}{3}])$, in radians.

26) Find the value of the expression, $\operatorname{Arc tan}(\sin \frac{3\pi}{2})$, in radians.

27) At $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$, the difference $2 \sin x - \cos(2x)$ is

28) If $g(x) = \tan(x - \frac{\pi}{2})$, the value of $g(\pi)$ is

29) If $f(x) = \cos \frac{x}{3} + \sin x$, then $f(\pi)$ equals

30) If $f(x) = \sin^2 x$, then $f(\frac{\pi}{2})$ equals

31) If $f(x) = \sin \frac{x}{4}$, then $f(\pi)$ equals

32) If $f(x) = 4 \cos 3x$, what is the value of $f(\frac{\pi}{4})$?

33) If $f(x) = \cos 3x + \sin x$, then $f(\frac{\pi}{2})$ equals

34) Evaluate: $\sec 0 + \csc \frac{\pi}{2}$

35) Evaluate: $\csc \frac{3\pi}{2} - \sec \pi$

36) Evaluate: $\cot \frac{\pi}{2} \tan \pi$

37) Evaluate: $\sec^2 \pi - 2 \cot \frac{\pi}{2}$

38) Evaluate: $\sin^2 \frac{\pi}{3} - \tan \frac{\pi}{4}$

39) Evaluate: $2 \cos \frac{\pi}{3} \tan \frac{\pi}{6}$

40) Evaluate: $\csc \frac{\pi}{6} - \sec \frac{\pi}{3}$

41) Evaluate: $\cot \frac{\pi}{3} \sin \frac{\pi}{3}$

42) Evaluate: $2 \tan \frac{\pi}{4} + \sin \frac{\pi}{2}$

43) Evaluate: $(3 \tan \frac{\pi}{6} - \cos \frac{3\pi}{2}) \div (\cot \frac{\pi}{4})$

44) Evaluate: $\frac{\csc \frac{3\pi}{2} \tan \frac{\pi}{3}}{\sec^2 \frac{\pi}{3}}$

45) Evaluate: $\sin(\operatorname{Arc cos} [-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}])$

46) Evaluate: $\tan(\operatorname{Arc sin} [-\frac{1}{2}])$

47) Evaluate: $\sin(2 \operatorname{Arc cos} [-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}])$

48) Evaluate: $\cos(2 \operatorname{Arc tan} [\sqrt{3}])$

49) Find the value of the expression, $\operatorname{Arc cos}(\sin \frac{\pi}{3})$, in radians.

50) Find the value of the expression, $\operatorname{Arc sin}(\tan \frac{\pi}{4})$, in radians.

Show work!

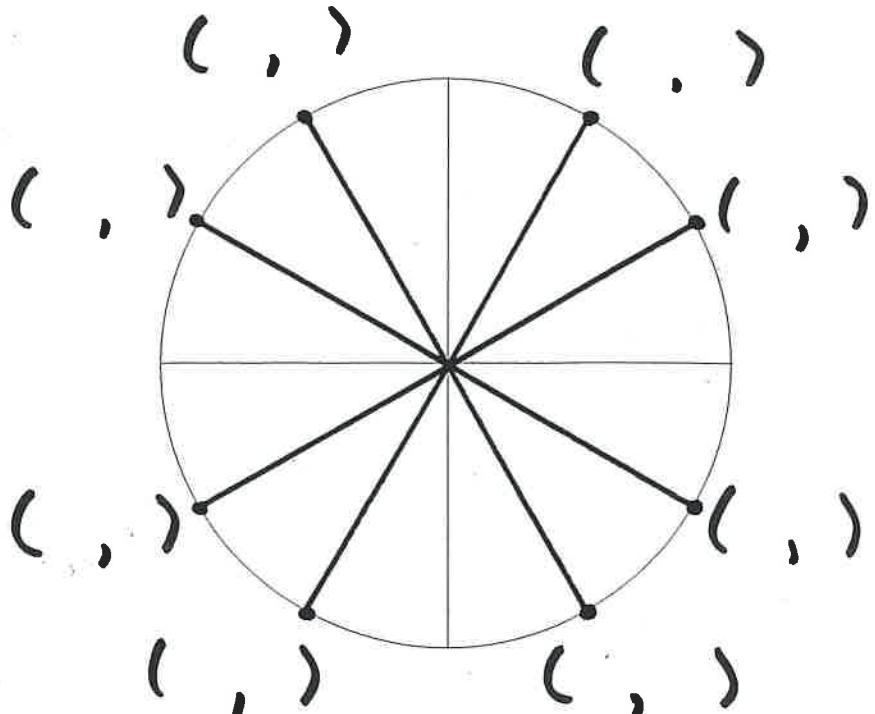
Show both steps!

Principal Values

Check answers !!

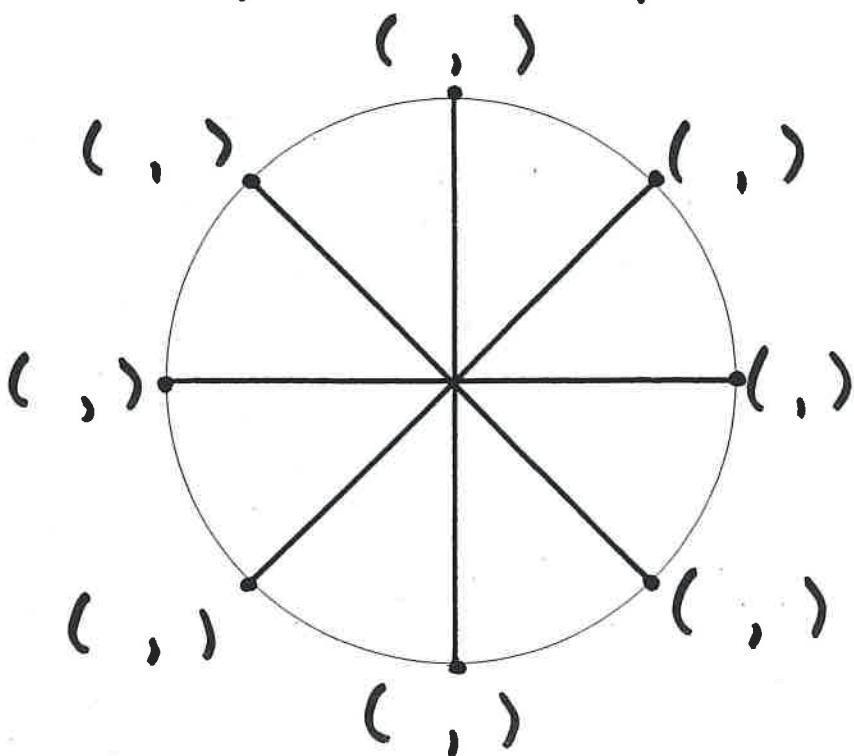
#1-15

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} \pi & \frac{\pi}{4} & \frac{\pi}{2} & \frac{\pi}{2} & -\frac{\pi}{2} \text{ or } \frac{3\pi}{2} \\ -1\frac{1}{2} & -1 & \frac{1}{2} & 1\frac{1}{2} & 1\frac{1}{2} \\ \sqrt{3}-1 & -1+\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{array}$$



#27-38

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} -\frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 1 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ \text{undefined} & -2\sqrt{2} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & & & & & \end{array}$$



Unit Circle Worksheet

#1-50



Reminder: Principal Values

$$\begin{array}{l} \sin x \\ \tan x \end{array} > -\frac{\pi}{2} \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \quad \text{Quad I, IV}$$

$$\cos x \quad 0 \leq x \leq \pi \quad \text{Quad I II}$$